CLEVER PEN WORK THIS

Negro Raises Money Order to Fifty Dollars and Passes It Easily.

TWO MERCHANTS SUFFER

Scheme Was So Well Executed That Suspicions Were Not Roused-No Arrest.

While the play, "Jim, the Penman," was being presented at the Academy this week a negro, supposed to be from North rollna, played that role successfully on two or more Richmond merchants. This expert with the pen did an unusually daring thing. He did not forge an ordi-Uncle Sam his dupe by raising a postal orking them off successfully on two

leaked out, the same negro with raised was well night impossible for experts to discover the changes, went to the res of two well known Richmond merchants and after making purchases there tendered in payment of them money ortendered in payment of them money orders, apparently genuine and unamendded, Just how much he managed to purchase and get away with is not definitely known, but he invested in some
clothing at the house of Burk and Compuny and purchased shoes at the store
of B. Samuels, tendering at both places
United States money orders. In each
case the work of changing the wording
and figures on the order was so cleverly executed that the fraud was not
seen as the control of the control of the control
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Probably Used Acids.

Apparently the man who did the work whother the one who passed it or some other, used acids of some sort and did other, used acids of some sort and did his work so cleanly and smoothly that the orders bore no appearance of having been tampered with. He showed his sharpness still further by using orders bayable at other offices than this city, one of them being payable in a North Carolina town. One of the orders is said to have been issued originally for fifty cents and then changed so as to read "lifty dollars" instead. The amount of the other order is not known. In any event, the orders when sent on for colevent, the orders when sent on for col-lection proved to have been raised, and then for the first time the merchants incrested learned that they had been clev-

then for the first time the merchants interested learned that they had been eleverly swindled.

As soon as the fraud became known, the Federal officials and the police detectives were notifed and went to work to try to apprehend the negro from the description given of him by the merchants. It is believed that the negro did not use his real name. He is said to be a tall, black man, wearing a suit of blue overalls. A search was instituted for the man, but up to a late hour last night the man had not been located. The merchants will lose the amount of the purchases in both cases or at least the value of the goods. Possibly the arrest of the negro might result in the recovery of the goods. Possibly the arrest of the negro might result in the recovery of the goods. The crime is a very bold one, for seldom does any one dare to tamper with a postal money order. The danger of detection is great, and the punishment is heavy and almost sure. In this case the man may be held for forgery, uttering a lorgery, obtaining goods under false preteness and for violating the postal laws.

iorgery, obtaining goods under false pre tenses and for violating the postal laws

ENGAGEMENT OF CYRIL.

Reported That the Grand Duke Will Marry Grand Duchess of Hesse.

(By Associated Press.)

BERLIN, May 19.—It is again unofficility reported that the divorced Grand
ouchess of Hesse is engaged to Grand
ouches of Hesse is engaged to Grand
ouch Cyril, of Russia. Rumors have been
riculated several times within a year
scribing matrimonial intentions to Grand
ouch Cyril, but it is now said that Em-

A day or two ago she cut the negotiation A day or two ago sne cut the negotiations short and any further payment of the annuity, according to special dispatches to-day from Coburg. It is assumed here that this renunciation foreshadows herearly public bethrothal to Grand Duke Cyril.

HUNTING LUNA JOYNER.

A Noble Hearted Woman, Who Has Not Given Up Hope.

Has Not Given Up Hope.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

CREWE, VA., May 10.—Mrs. Mary J.
Lutton, of this place, who ever since
the disappearance of little Luna Joyner
has been untiring in her efforts to recover the child, returned to-day from
Church Roads, after a conference with
the uncle of the child, and Mr. Chandler, the uncle, will start next week for a
distant State to identify a child which
they hope is the long-lost Luna,
Mrs. Lutton, out of pure love and sympathy, has spent much time and considerable of her own means in following up
clues that seemed likely to lead to finding
Luna Joyner, and she has high hopes of
being on the right track now.

She has received a letter from Mr. Hobday, superlinendent of the Baptist Orphanage at Salem, telling her that Luna's
sisters, Carrie and Minuie, are well and
happy. He will reserve a place for Luna
in case she is found.

He will also take the boys at an early
date. The two younger boys are still with
their uncle. Willie, the oldest, is in the
United States army, and George, next to
Willie, is in a Petersburg trunk factory,

BATTLESHIP HATSUSE BLOWN UP BY MINES

JAPANESE BOATS SINK.

Cruiser and Battleship Strike Mines and Are Blown Up. Ninety of Crew Saved.

(By Associated Press.)

TOKIO, May 10-9:30 A. M.—Vice-Admiral Togo has reported as follows:

"A report from Rear-Admiral Dewa says that the cruiser Kasaga and Yoshino collided during a fog off Port Arthur on May 15th. The Yoshino sank, only finety of her crew being saved.

"On the same day the battleship Hatsuse struck a Russian mine and uank."

lmiral Togo says:
'At fourteen minutes past 1 in the afternoon of May 15th, in a deep fog off Port Arthur, the Kasaga rammed the Yoshina, sinking the latter in a few min-utes. Ninety of her crew were saved. utes. Ninety of her crew were saved.

"The same morning the Hatsuse, while cruising off Port Arthur covoring the landing of the soldlers, struck a mine ten knots southeast of the harbor entrance. She signalled for help and instantly struck another mine. She cank in half an hour. Three hundred of her crew were saved by torpedo boats."

Description of the Vesking

Description of the Yoshino. The Yoshina was a cruiser of 4,180 ton displacement and 15,000 indicated hors power. She was built in England, was launched in 1892, was 350 feet long, had 46 1-2 feet beam and her draft was 17

The armament of the Voshino consisted of four six-lach guns, eight 4.7-inch guns and twenty-three three pounders. She had five torpedo tubes. Her armorthree knots. Her coal capacity was-1,990 tons, and her crew numbered 309

1,000 tons, and her crew numbered 300 men.

The cruiser with which the Yoshino collided may be the Kasagi, a cruiser of 5,416 tons, built in Philadelphia in 1897-785, or it may be the armored cruiser Kasuga, formerly the Morino, purchased from Argentha in Italy and taken by British officers with the Nisshin, bought by Japan from Argentha and formerly the Ridadavi, to Japan just previous to the outbreak of the war.

The Haisuse was a battleshp of 15,000 tons displacement and of the latest model. She was only completed in 1909, was built in England, was 400 feet long, and had 76 1-2 feet beam, draw 27 feet of water, had 16,300 indicated horse-power, and was fitted with water tube boilters. She was completely armored with steel. Her armament consisted of four twelve-inch gluns, fourteen six-inch guns, twenty twelve pounders, eight three pounders and four two-and-a-half pounders. She had four torpedo tubes. Her estimated speed was 18,11 knots. Her crew numbered 711 men. ers. She had four torpedo tubes. Her estimated speed was 19.11 knots. Her crew

Russian Cruiser on the Rocks.

(By Associated Press.)
PARIS, May 20.—The correspondent at
St. Petersburg, of the Echo de Paris, says:
"The Russian cruiser Bogatyr grounded during a fog on the rocks near the entrance to Vladivostok. Her position is critical. The crew was saved."

PREPARING TO ATTACK.

Japanese Are Within Seven Miles of Port Arthur, and Russians Marching Army to Relief.

(By Associated Press.) LONDON, May 20.—A. G. Hales, the correspondent of the Daily News, cables roin Tien Tsin as follows, under date

from Tien Tsin as follows, under date of May 19th:
"It is reported that 70,000 Russians are marching to the relief of Port Arthur, and the Japanese are consequently hastening offensive operations.
"Forty-five thousand troops have already been landed at Kin Chau and Tatten Wan, thus entirely investing Port

Tribur.
"The Japanese advanced lines are even miles from the Russian batteries.
"Skirmishes occur daily along the rail-

guns, on steel, with the object of sienceing the Russian batteries.

"The Manchurian railway south of Harbin is constantly broken by Che marauders, and the Russians threaten reprisals.

"The Russians admit that they have
to contend with terrible difficulties along
the whole line. Their men, however,
are behaving splendidly and they are very
continued."

Japanese Driven Back to Feng Wang Cheng.

(By Associated Press.)

NITW CHWANG, May 19.—It is reported here from a reliable source that the Japanese army, from the Yalu River has received a heavy blow and been driven back to Feng Wang Cheng.

British Boat Goes to New

Chwang.

(By Associated Press.)

WEI HAI WEI, May 20.—The Britisk sloop of war Espiegle has started for New Chwang to protect British interests there.

RUSSIANS LAID THE MINES.

Reports From St. Petersburg State Japanese Ships Were Blown Up by These.

Clues that seemed likely to lead to finding Luna Joyner, and she has high hopes of being on the right track now.

She has received a letter from Mr. Hobday, superlinendent of the Baptist Orphanage at Salem, telling her that Luna's sisters. Carrie and Minnie, are well and happy. He will reserve a place for Luna in case she is found.

He will also take the boys at an early date. The two younger boys are still with their uncle. Willie, the oldest, is in the United States army, and George, next to Willie, is in a Petersburg trunk factory.

EIGHTEEN YEARS.

Floyd Nichols, Who Knocked Wooldridge Down,

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

PETERSBURG, VA., May B.-In, the Prince deorge Circuit Court, Judge West presiding, the jury to-night in the case of Floyd Nichols, charged with the murder of R. Lawson Woolridge, a white man, at City Point the 5th of March last brought in a verdict of guilty, fixing Nichols's punishpent at eighteen years in the penitentiary. The case had occupled the attention of the court the past three days. The jury on first count stood six for murder in the first degree and six for the second degree. They reported the linability to agree, but were sent back to their room, and finally returned the showe verdict.

The prisoner was ably represented by Colonel W. W. Berkeley, of Reanoke. The prosecution was conducted by Commonwealth's Attorney Thomas A. Brown. Woolridge's home was at Evergreen in Appomaticy county.

The general staff to-night is without directness of the sinking of the Shiku-shima and the Fujl, but there is an impression that it may be true. The reports, at any rate, have infused freshife and enthusiasm in official circles, where it is believed that the tide has turned.

No surprise is expressed by the admiralty at the Japanese vessels striking Russian mines, the admiralty expecting such a mishap to Vice-Admiral Togo, particularly since the naval commanders at Port Arthur have faithfully dursicated his plan which resulted in the sinking of the Petropavlovsk. Wacrever off Port Arthur, the Japanese squadron appeared during the day, that same night Russian torpedo boa's stole out and carefully planted contact mines, which, floating below the surface, would not be touched by the destroyers, but ships of heavier draught, cruising in the mine fields, would be sure to strike them. The favorite point sciected by the Japanese for bombardment of Port Arthur is Lino TI Shan promontory, and the water there has been thickly sown with Russian mines. Other points besides Liao TI Shan have also been mined, and it has

FUJI DAMAG5D.

Russians From Dalny Tell of Bombardment and Sinking

of Japanese Ships.

(By Associated Press.)

CHE FOO, May 19-12:39 P. M.—A party
this morning by Junk, are authority for
the statement that during a bombardment of Port Arthur by the Japanese
Monday afternoon the Japanese battle-

of the sunken steamers was removed and the entrance is now open, but it is

and the entrance is now open, but it is still dangerous.

Later reports say the battleship |Fuji, not the cruiser Asama, which struck the mine on the port bow, had a heavy list and was also down by the bow, but was righted, and went off in tow of the other cruisers. It is thought impossible, however, that she could reach port.

Japs Repulsed Russian Flotilla.

Japs Repuised Russian Flottila.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 10.—Advices received at the Japanese legation from Toklo, confirming the Associated Press accounts of the sinking of the cruiser Yoshino and the battleship Hatsuse, state that after the Hatsuse had been struck by Russian mechanical mines a Russian feetilise? Sixteen torrede heats and described of sixteen torrede heats and described to the control of the structure of flotilia of sixteen torpedo boats and de-stroyers appeared, but were repulsed by hundred of the Hatsuse's crew, including Admiral Marhiba and Captain Nakao.

TWELVE LADIES KILLED.

Baltimore Editor Hears How a Tea Party Was Disturbed

by Japanese Shells.
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
BALTIMORE, MD., May 19.—That one
of the Japanese shells which entered Port
Arthur killed twelve ladies of officers' Kuropatkin carries a coffin with him, is the news received from the seat of war by Mr. Bautro, editor of the Weekly

the news received from the seat of war by Mr. Bautro, editor of the Weekly Polonia, from Braunslau Kobylanski, a Baltimore Pole, now impressed in the Russian army.

The letters state that Dr. Sidorski, the first victim of the attack on Port Arthur, was attending a tea given by the wives of some of the officers of the port, but being an elderly man, had seated himself in a chair in a corner of the room, and, being tired, had dropped asleep. The shell came through an open window and shell came through an open window and exploded almost in the center of the room. Ten ladies who were in the room were instantly killed. When the people

patkin is a coffin, on which is a sliver plate, with his full name, "Alexeleft Nekolaue Kuropatkin," engraved on it. given that he confidently ex-

Russian Force Still at New Chwang.

Chwang.

(By Associated Press.)

ST. PETERSBURG, May 19-5:50 P. M.
The admiralty denies that it has been officially advised of the Japanese occupation of New Chwang. Instructions were
issued to blow up the Sivouch, the Russian gunboat, there before the last Russians retired. As soon as this is accomplished, the Russlan commander will report to the authorities here. The fact
that nothing has been received convinces
the admiralty that a small Russlan force
is still at New Chwang.

Skirmishes Reported.

Skirmishes Reported.

(By Associated Press.)

TOKIO, May 19—4:30 P. M.—It is unofficially reported that small skirmishes are taking place south of Kin Chou. On the Liao Tung peninsula, the Japanese line extends from Chinchaton to Chulesan, across a ridge of hills a mile and a half north of Kin Chou. Kin Chou is seven or eight thousand metres north of the narrowest part of the peninsula and forty miles north of Port Arthur.

The Japanese line, therefore, is less than forty-five miles from Fort Arthur,

Russian Loss Was 1,300.

Russian Loss Was 1,300.

(By Associated Press.)

TOKIO, May 19-4:30 P, M.—General Kuroki reports that the Japanese losses at the battle of Kiu Tien Cheng, May 14th, were: Kilied-5 officers and 21s men; wounded-33 officers and 783 men. Thirteen hundred and sixty-three Russian dead were buried and 18 officers and 595 men were made prisoners. The Japanese Marine State Russian dead were buried and sixty-three Russian dead were made prisoners. The Japanese Marine State Russian Land Russ sian dead were burled and 18 officers and 595 men were made prisoners. The Japanese captured 21 quick-firing guns, 19 ammunition wagons, 1,417 shells, 8 machines guns and 37,000 shells for these guns, 1,021 rifles and 350,000 rounds of ammunition, 63 horses, 10 wagons and 1,244 coats and 541 tents.

At Feng Wang Cheng the Japanese captured 357 shells for mountain guns, 188,000 rounds of rifle ammunition, 1,720 coats, 40,000 loaves of bread and other supplies, together with a quantity of tools and telegraph stores.

Was Not Blocked by Fireships. (By Associated Press.)
ST. PETERSBURG, May 19.—The admiralty claism that the channel at Port Arthur was never blocked by the Japanese fireships and that there is a free passage even for the heavy Russian ships.

In pursuance of his notice made yes-terday, the Rev. Rabb White, Jr., pre-

MAY AMEND CANON

fenses are not necessary. The law of the national body contains, it is said, only a general statement of the sort contemplated in the amendment. The matter was referred to a committee, with instructions to report to-day. At a seasion held yesterday this committee, it is understood, was practically unanimous in its decision to make a favorable return of the amendment, with certain changes. The advocates of the change believe it will be adopted, and hope to get it through the council without much of a debate.

During the afternoon the council engaged in a discussion, lively and long, of

gaged in a discussion, lively and long, of the constitutional amendments proposed by the General Convention of 1901. The the constitutional amendments proposed by the General Convention of 1901. The deputies to the coming convention were instructed on a divided house to oppose the amendment making the office of presiding bishop elective. In the discussion on this point it was declared, among other things, that the amendment was the second step in a movement for the centralization of power in an archibishop, who was to be the head of the church. In another lively discussion of the amendments, led by Judge Wallace, reflections of a rather grave character were made upon a certain element in the general convention, said to be advised by "astute lawyers," while they pursued a plain that would wreck the church.

The other features of the day were the annual address of the bishop, recommending the establishment of the office of archdeason of the dioces; a splendid address by Bishop Kinsolving, of Brazil,

address by Bishop Kinsolving, of Brazii, and at night a fine address by Dr. A. S. Hloyd, of New York.

The council will endeavor to adjourn to-day, but there is an immense amount of work yet to be accomplished, including the matter of archdeacon. The bishop's recommendation on this point will op's recommendation on this point will probably have a powerful effect on the

MORNING SESSION.

Remaining Deputies Elected. Much Business Transacted.

The session of the second day opene with the usual routine, including the reading and correction of the minutes of the preceding meeting. The attendance

owing to the carry nour, was not so large as on Wednesday, but the continual arrival of delegates soon filled up the gaps in the hall.

The election of deputies to the General Convention, in progress when the council adjourned on the day before, was re-sumed and completed. The result of the hallot for alternate lay delegates was ballot for alternate lay delegates announced. The total vote cast was 72, and the necessity to a choice 37. The following were declared elected: Mr. Joseph Wilmer, Mr. John G. Williams, Judge A. W. Wallace and Mr. Roseweil Page. This left one cierical deputy still to be chosen. An additional nomination was made by the Rev. W. M. Clark, who presented the name of the Rev. F. W. Neve, of Albemarie. Several gentlemen strongly seconded the nomination, and it was moved by the Rev. R. A. Goodwin that the secretary cast the unanimous that the secretary cast the unanimous ballot of the council for Mr. Neve. There was some opposition to this, however, and the vote had to be taken. The tel-lers retired, and in due time announced the election of Mr. Neve, who received

The election of supriementary clerical deputies was completed later in the day and in the following manner: Elected or the first ballot: Rev. W. D. Smith. 5: votes, and Rev. J. J. Gravatt, 42 votes elected on the second ballot.

Schools Again.

Upon the conclusion of the election of the clerical deputy the bishop called from the table the resolution of the board of trustees of the Virginia Fernale Institute,

Bishop Kinsolving Speaks.

A congregation that entirely filled the church was present at the service, which proved one of the most notable of the council serfes. Bishop Kinsolving, of Brazil, delivered an address upon his work in that far-away country, where is quietly going on a Christian movement of the immense character of which there is but slight conception in America. The young bishop is of distinguished presence, and is a speaker of rare power. In the ceurse of a striking and sometimes remarkable address, he pointed out some of the unique characteristics of the Brazilian Mission, the establishment of which was due to the efforts of Virginians. The serion created a powerful effect, and sermon created a powerful effect, and Bishop Kinsolving was given quite an ovation afterwards.

Address of the Bishop.

Address of the bisiness session followed immediately upon the close of the service. Particular interest was felt in this session from the fact that the annual address of the presiding bishop was expected to open the proceedings. After order was restored, and some minor details of work were completed, the bishop took the opportunity offered by thus absence of the tellers of the ballot for alternate clerical delegates to Boston, and began his report.

the absence of the tellers of the ballot for alternate cierical delegates to Boston, and began his report.

The address reviewed in detail the labors of the bishop during the year, beginning May, 1933, and ending with the same month in 1904. One of the striking statements was to the effect that the council has lost during the year by death an anusually large number of members. Among those named as having died during the year were: Rev. George W. Nelson, D. D., Rev. Allan Greaves, Rev. B. M. Randoiph, Rev. J. H. Hundley, D. D., and Rev. Hartley Carmichael. The following summary of work was given: Visitation, 133; sermons and addresses, 208; baptisms, 1; marriages, 1; burials, 1; administrations of offly Communion, 12; other services, 14; other meetings, 36; confirmed in private, 7; confirmed 19 Bishop Randoiph, 1; whole number confirmed, 65; postulants received, 5; total number of postulants, 11; candidates for deacons' order, only 1; candidates for deacons' order, only 1; candidates for orders, 12; deacons ordained, 4; priests ordained, transfers given, 12; transfers accepted, 8; churches consecrated, 8; lay readers licensed, 8.

Amend Famous Canon.

Amend Famous Canon.

WHICH PLACES BAN

(Continued From First Page.)

This can be blind the times, deals with the offenders who are to the admonished as reperted to a committee, with interest as referred to a committee, it is inderstood, was practically unanimous in a decision to make a favorable return the amendment, with certain changes, the advocates of the change believe it ill be adopted, and hope to get it trough the council without much of a bate.

The denoral Convention of both The puttles to the coming convention were structed on a divided house to oppose a mendment making the office of present the goal of the council whose many convention of the structed on a divided house to oppose a mendment making the office of present the goal of the council whose was to be the head of the church, another lively discussion of the amendment as the second step in a movement for the central state of the Holy Communion, or a denial of power in an archibishop, ho was to be the head of the church, another lively discussion of the amendment as the second step in a movement for the central state of the Holy Communion, or a denial of the doctrines of the gospel, as generally set forth in the authorized standards of the church, or practices the provided that it such warden or wardens shall fall or refuse to the minister in ascertaining the facts of the case; provided, that it such warden or wardens shall fall or refuse to the minister in ascertaining the facts of the case; provided, that it such warden or wardens shall fall or refuse to the minister shall to act within the days the minister s

Mr. White's Amendment.

church.

Mr. White's Amendment.

The canon, as amended by Mr. White, reads as follows:

"Canon XIX: Offenders to be admonsished or repelled from the Lord's Table.

'l'Any member of the church, being a communicant thereof, conducting himself or herself in a manner unworthy of a Christian, ought to be admonished or repelled from the Lord's Table by the minister of the parish or church, according to the Rubric. This shall be construed to apply especially to such persons as do by their wickedness of life give offence to their brothren.

"In cases where it may be deemed expedient by the minister or may be requested by the accused, the church wardens, or either of them, shall be summoned to assist the minister in ascertaining the facts of the case; provided, that if such warden or wardens shall fail or refuse to act within ten days, the minister shall proceed to act under the Rubrics of the church."

The matter was promptly, upon motion, referred to a committee, with instructions to report this morning. The members of this committee were announced by the bishop as follows: Rev. H. K. Massie, Rev. Robert White, Jr., Rev. H. B. Lee, Mr. John G. Williams and Mr. Joseph Wilmer.

Other Business.

Other Business.

Other Business.

The vexed school question was settled at last and without further debate. Upon inquiry from the Rev. Dr. Evans, it was brought out clearly that the motion of Mr. Bryan, that the resolutions be received and printed, committed the council to nothing. The motion was then passed by almost unanimous vote. Mr. Goodwin thereupon again offered his resolution, referred to earlier, and it was adopted. It places the entire question of the Episcopal schools in the hands of a committee of seven, with instructions to report next year.

In the course of the day the council received and accepted with thanks an invitation to visit the Valentine Museum in this city.

in this city.

The Committee on Diocesan Missions was announced by the bishop, as follows:
Rev. Robb White, Jr., and Rev. John Moncure, D. D.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Council Engages in Long Discussion of Amendments.

When the council reassembled at 4:30 When the council reassembled at 4:20 o'clock the report of the committee to which was referred the proposed amendments to the constitution, adopted at the General Convention, held in San Francisco in 1901, was taken up. The committee, of which the Rev. Angus Crawford, D., was chairman, recommended that the amendments be adopted. Judge Wallace, who indicated on Wednesday, that he would have some objections, was given the theor.

substituted in its place a consolidatea government; it then endeavored to remove in the amendment under discussion another recognition of these dioceses; then followed a movement for a change in the name in the church, and to-day there is ready to report at Boston a minority in favor of striking the ancient name from the prayer-book.

Serious Charges.

Serious Charges.

Proceeding, Judge Wallace called attention to the fact that the deliverance of the highest ecclesiastical body of any denomination is by a unanimous decision for the Supreme Court of the United States accepted in the land as conclusive. Upon this deliverance might even be determined the disposition of property. This was instanced by the action of the Presbyterian General Assembly in 1805, when it declared Southerners hereties, and when the Supreme Court, in a test case, took the church property away from them and ruled that they were, in fact, hereties, because the assembly said so. Judge Wallace said the diocese of Virginia was older than the General Convention, and that it could hardly be supposed that any movement would ever be made against its integrity, as a State body or against its property. But he called the attention of the council to the situation—that a cuisolidated form of government was being substituted for a confederated form and that the very name of the old church was teing swept away.

"It is time to call to a halt," said

was teing swept away.
"It is time to call to a halt," said
Judge Wallace, "the men who I honestly
believe, are pursuing a plan that will
wreck the church. It is due to the advoltable lawyers that are standing behind

the situation. They are advised by assets lawyers."

Someone in the audience suggested to the speaker that he was reflecting very seriously upon the men and churchmen of whom he spoke.

"I am not reflecting," said Judge Wallace, "They are advised by astute lawyers."

Ouestions of Presiding Bishop.

The vote was about to be taken and the paper to be adopted when Bishop Gibson called attention to another serious matter in the report. It is a curious thing how this report, which caused so much debate, was at first considered a forthing how this report, which caused so much debate, was at first considered a formal and routine affair, and came near sipping through on the first-day without discussion, when Judge Wallace caught a few words about striking out the names and held it up. The bishop now showed that one of the amendments made the

Very Fine Embroideries

At Reductions That Average Half Price and Less.

Allovers, Edges and Insertions, on Swiss and on Nainsook, in Medallion effects, Teneriff meshes and Blind Embroidery. These are some of the handsomest Embroideries in our collection. We picked them from amongst our matched sets-might say they are the most popular patterns-because some of the widths in these are sold entirely out and the sets are thus broken. But they are none the less beautiful and none the less useful in the widths you can now buy at such very

Insertions, were 25c, to 85c., now 18c, to 49c. Edges, were 30c. to \$2, now 18c. to 98c. Allovers, were \$1.25 to \$5, now 69c. to \$2.08.

Fourqurean, Temple & Co.

office of presiding bishop of the general chudch elective. Heretofore the presiding bishop has been the senior bishop in the United States. A motion was thereupon made and carried that the report be taken up scriatin and each item inspected executive.

adopted without discussion, and then the amendment touching the matter of pre-siding bishop precipitated a big debate. It was promptly moved that the amendclared that if the council endorsed the amendment he would vote against it in the house of bishops,

Fear an Archbishop.

rear an Archbishop.

The discussion began and developed rapidly in every quarter of the house. Judge Wallace wished to have the matter left to the discretion and good judgment of the deputies to the convention, but Mr. Joseph Bryan, one of these deputies, at once arose and declared in so many words that if he lived to get to the convention he would vote for the amendment.

that have existed in the past. infirmities of old age. The senior bish was frequently too old and feeble to

brought to the convention, and some one would have to be elected at each session to take his place. Frequent occasions when this has happened were cited. It was also brought out that the proposition for the elective office emanated from the very House of Bishops itself, and was forced by a necessity everywhere obvious.

On the other hand many agreed with the bishop that the adoption of the amendment would at each session of the convention mean a political convulsion of the church. An objection and a charge even more serious was made. The amendment was declared to be the second step in a movement for a head of the churchan archbishop, who should wield the bolts of centralized power. The first step was taken several years ago when the name of the presiding bishop was changed from presiding bishop "of the House of Bishops" to presiding bishop "of the church." This alleged tendency to a centralization of power and the section of the one man who would a centralization of power and th

ing the deputies to oppose the amendment in the plan of the convention. A movement made later in the day for a econsideration falled.

Resolution Lost.

In due time the consideration of the report brought the council again to the item to which Jidge Wallace had made objection. Judge Wallace amended his resolution so that it expressed the disapproval of the council to the amendment in question, but left the hands of the delegates untied, that they might vote as in their judgment they might vote as in their judgment they might deem wisest and best. Several speeches were made, and Mr. Rosewell Page strongly opposed the resolution, declaring that he saw behind the amendment none of the grave dangers Judge Wallace had endeavored to point out. Mr. John L. Williams and Mr. Joseph Bryan also spoke, declaring that the change was John L. Williams and Mr. Joseph Bryan also spoke, declaring that the change was simply a grammatical one, which did cot in any way affect the questions to which Judge Wallace had directed attention. A vote was taken, and the resolution was burded under a large majority against it. The amendment was then adopted. After some scattering business the council adjourned until 9:20 o'clock this morning.

Special Matters.

The hishop closed his address with the mention of several matters, the practical

The bishop closed his address with the mention of several matters, the practical importance of which, he declared, demanded special mention. Under this head he made reference to the care of the old colonial churches in the State; the emergency fund; the apportionment for missions; the necessity for an enlargement of the diocesan force of laborers; and to the Bethany Institute. His utterances upon the question of establishing the office of archdeacon were very important and significant. He went over the ground thoroughly and pointed out the need for sion an officer.

"The only questions about an archdeacon, or general missionary, which the council has to consider," he sald, "are, as it seems to me, the questions of salary and of responsibility. If the bishop had the salary to give such a man as could do this work efficiently, he could easily manage the rest. But if the diocese either gives from its own funds, or orders from the missionary funds the salary of a diocesan officer, it may very properly claim a part in making the rules by which he is to be governed and possibly in selecting the man. At any rate, the Diocesan Missoinary Committee would feet that a burden of responsibility was taken from their shoulders if the county of wald request them to appropriate

COUNCIL AT NIGHT. Fine Address by the Dr. Lloyd.

Daughters of King To-night. Daughters of King To-night.

At night the council and a large audience that entirely filled the church heard a splenddl missionary address by the Rev. Arthur S. Lloyd, D. D., of New York, general secretary of the board of managers. Dr. Lloyd is exceedingly well-known here. He is a fine speaker and his address created a great impression.

The Daughters of the King of the Diocese of Virginia will meet at 10 'cicki this morning in annual session at Monumental Church. The session will be opened with a quiet hour, conducted by the Rev. Herbert H. Barber, of Frederickshurg, who will also celebrate Holy Communion. The business session will follow. The president of the society is Mrs. John Moncure, of this city, Miss M. A. Futon, of this city, is vice-president secretary, while meeting of this

STILLWELL EDWARDS TO MAKE NOMINATION SPEECH

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 19.—Harry,
Stillwell Edwards, of Macon, Ga., the
well known author and writer, has been
selected as representative of the South
to make one of the four speeches seconding the nomination of President Roosevelt at the Chicago convention. MURDERED WIFE BECAUSE

WOULD NOT BE RECONCILED

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, May 19.—Charles Bryan, of Brooklyn, after falling to bring about a reconciliation with his wife, to-day shot and killed her and then escaped.
They separated two weeks ago.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. H. A. Ware. A telegram was received in the city yes-terday announcing the death of Mrs, H. A. Ware, of Huntington, W. Va. She leaves two sisters of this city-Mrs. B. S. Courtney and Miss Sue Hill-and Mrs. L. H. Tunstall, of Caroline, and Mrs. Sallie Courtney, of King William county, Waslay Mills

Wesley Mills. Wesley Wills.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
YCHKTOWN, VA., May 19.—Mr. Wesley Mills died Friday at his home, in
Crab Neck. He was thirty-six years of
age. He leaves a wife and nine chils

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
CAPE CHARLES, VA., May 19.—Mr. W.
Thomus, an old Confederate veteran,
ed yesterday at his home at Marionalie, this county, in the seventy-first
arr of his age. He leaves a widow and
to children, William and Mercer, aged
age and five years.

Mrs. M. J. Robinson. Mrs. M. J. Robinson.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

WINCHESTER. V.A., May 19.—Mrs.
Mary J. Robinson, wife of Josiah Robinson, a prominent farmer, died to-day, after a brief Iliness of pneumonia, aged seventy-two years. Mrs. Robinson was a member of the Society of Friends.

Mrs. Bettie Silling,

MIS. Bettle Shining.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

STAUNTON, VA., May 19.—Mrs. Bettle

Silling, wife of R. M. Silling, of
Scheuterlee Mill, this county, dled yesterday evening, aged forty-eight years. She
had been a sufferer for several years of
rheumatism. She is survived by her husband and ten children.

Miss Flora Hayes.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

COMORN, VA., May 19.—Miss Florathyes died at the home of her parents, near Shileh, Monday. Miss Hayes was the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Hayes, and was a young lady of many accomplishments and deep piety. She was widely known in this county and other sections, and also in Washington, Mrs. P. C. Ralderson.

Mrs. P. C. Balderson. Mrs. P. C. Balderson.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

MONTROSS, VA., May 19.—Mrs. Pressey C. Balderson, aged sixty-two, died very suddenly Tuesday afternoon with hemorrhage from the lungs. She was engaged in sweeping around the doorway when the hemorrhage occurred. She managed to attract the attention of her son, who was in the house, who ran lingmediately to her assistance and caught her in his arms. Before he could get her in the house and on the bed she died. She leaves a husband and several children.

DEATHS.

WRIGHT.-Died, 9:25 A. M., May 19, 1904, at her residence, 807 N. Twenty-fifth Street. Mrs. MAGGIF RUMBOUGH WRIGHT, beloved wife of Charles F. Wright, in the thirty-ninth year of her Funeral from Leigh Street Baptist Church THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON at

Floor Paints. Best Ready Mixed Paints,

Waxene, Floor Wax, Brushes, Etc. TANNER PAINT AND OIL CO

1419 E. Main Street.